NAME: _____ CLUB: _____ 1 2 3 NAME THE LEG MARKINGS (5 points for each answer) 1. _____ 2. ____ 3. ____ 4. ____ PLEASE FILL IN THE BLANK WITH THE BEST ANSWER (5 points for each answer) 5. A ______ is a young, male horse under four years of age. (PM pg 144) 6. The body color ______ is a double dilution of chestnut with off-white or cream body and even lighter mane and tail. (PM pg 12) 7. The Thoroughbred originated in ______ as a middle distance racehorse. (PM pg 8) 8. Equine Infectious Anemia is also known as ______. (PM pg 60) 9. A walk is a _____ beat gait. (PM pg 105) PLEASE CIRCLE THE LETTER IN FRONT OF THE BEST ANSWER (3 points each) 10. A horse is considered smooth-mouth at age _____. (Manual page 15) A. 7 Years C. 11 Years B. 9 Years D. 13 Years 11. A cross between a jenny and a stallion is called a _____. (Manual page 145) A. Hinney C. Mule B. Jack D. Donkey

2009 Pueblo Summer Show – General Questions

NAME: _____

PLEASE CIRCLE T	THE LETTER IN FRONT O	F THE BEST ANSWER (3)	points each)
1. What term describes the feed	nutrients such as calcium, pl	nosphorus, copper, sodium &	iron? (PM pg 28)
A. Vitamins	(C. Supplements	
B. Minerals]	D. Ingredients	
2. Before your horse can make a	any kind of move, there must	be	(PM pg 105)
A. cadence		C. impulsion	
B. forward motion		D. collection	
PLEASE FILL IN T	HE BLANK WITH THE BE	ST ANSWER (5 points for e	ach answer)
3. A young horse has	milk teeth, including	incisors and	molars.
(PM pg 15)			
4. Which nutrients are considered	ed to be the body's fuel becau	se it is necessary to power m	uscles, the brain & the
digestive system?	(PM g	og 28)	
5. A mare is pregnant	months before giv	ing birth to a fully developed	foal.
6. What is the ideal angle of the	shoulder & pasterns of the h	orse?	_ (PM pg 21)
7. Which teeth are used to determine the age of the horse? (PM pg 15)			(PM pg 15)

2009 Pueblo Summer Show – Ranch Horse (Level 1, Level 2 & Level 3/4)

NAME:	RANCH	HORSE LEVEL:
PLEASE CIRCLE THE LETTER IN FR	RONT OF THE BE	ST ANSWER (3 points each)
1. An extremely fat horse would receive a body cond	dition of	(PM pg 34)
A. 1	C. 9	
B. 5	D. 20	
2. What is another name for the dorsal stripe? (PM p	og 14)	
A. Ray	C. Zebra str	ipes
B. Transverse Cross	D. Black po	ints
PLEASE FILL IN THE BLANK WITH T	THE BEST ANSW	ER (5 points for each answer)
3. A rider must have and carry a	at least 30' and no	o more than 70' in ranch horse classes
that involve roping. (2009 rulebook pg 77)		
4. Most of the food value is stored in what part of the	e hay?	(PM pg 29)
5. What basic color would have a body that is basica	ally red but varies from	om bright yellowish red to rich
mahogany red, with a mane & tail that is never b	black?	(PM pg 11)
6. A is a mark of identific	cation that may be b	urned or frozen on the cheek, shoulder
or hip of a horse. (PM pg 143)		

7. Label the level of each skill that is required in the ranch horse horsemanship pattern. (2 pts each, 2009 rulebook pg 81)

_____ Side pass

_____ Walk or jog over ground poles

_____ Drag a log in a straight line

_____ Flying lead change

90 or 180 degree turn on forehand or hindquarter

TIE-BREAKER QUESTIONS

1. How can dustiness in feed be reduced? (PM pg 29)

2. ______ horses are short-coupled, deep bodied and well muscled developed to work cattle and often compete in rodeos. (PM pg 5)

(3. General page #4, 4. Question #7, 5. Question #4)

2009 Pueblo Summer Show – Western (Pre-Level/Level 1)

NAME: WESTERN LEVEL: PLEASE CIRCLE TRUE OR FALSE (2 points each) 1. The Shetland Pony originated in the United States and are known for their cow instinct and ability to cover short distances quickly. (PM pg 10) TRUE FALSE 2. The minimum size for a box stall is 8 foot by 8 foot. (PM pg 53) TRUE FALSE 3. When saddling, you should fasten the front cinch first. (PM pg 100) TRUE FALSE PLEASE CIRCLE THE LETTER IN FRONT OF THE BEST ANSWER (3 points each) 4. A ______ is a blemish caused by poor-fitting tack. (PM pg 24) A. Splint C. Curb B. Fistulous wither D. Saddle sore 5. What is it called when a drug is given to your horse to kill internal "parasites" within the horse's body? (PM pg 69) A. Strongyles C. Heaves B. Deworming D. Strangles 6. When leading your horse you should always stand on which side of your horse? (PM pg 85) A. Far Side C. Off Side B. Near side D. Close Side PLEASE FILL IN THE BLANK WITH THE BEST ANSWER (5 points each)

7. Name 3 parts of the horse that are usually clipped before going to a horse show. (PM pg 76)

TIE BREAKER QUESTIONS

1. What do the four Hs in 4-H stand for?

2. ______ is an important disease to know about because it is associated with laminitis or founder. Cushing's Disease and Equine Metabolic Syndrome are sometimes used to describe this problem in horses.

(3. Question #3, 4. General page #2, 5. Question #5)

2009 Pueblo Summer Show – Western (Level 2)

NAN	AE:
-----	-----

WESTERN LEVEL:

LABEL THE FOLLOWING WITH THE BEST DESCRIPTION (5 points each)

A B C D	A	В	c	D
Е		Nub		
F	E	F		

PLEASE CIRCLE THE LETTER IN FRONT OF THE BEST ANSWER (3 points each)

1. The average 1,000 pound horse doing light work would consume ______ pounds of hay per day. (PM pg 32).

C. 4-6 pounds A. 15-20 pounds D. 10-12 pounds B. 20-25 pounds 2. In the current Colorado 4-H Horse Show Rulebook, there are _____ Western Riding patterns just for Level I, Level II, Novice and/or Beginners and ______ Western Riding patterns for Level III and Level IV. (2009 Rulebook page 35-41)

A. 0, 4	C. 4, 4
B. 3, 4	D. 3, 3

PLEASE FILL IN THE BLANK WITH THE BEST ANSWER (5 points for each answer)

3. is the term used to describe a horse with knees bent forward. (PM pg 20 &143)

4. An increased lengthening of the frame and stride is known as a/an _____ gait.

TIE-BREAKER QUESTIONS

_____ describes a horse that moves quickly and willingly, always in control of its 1._____ movements in a balanced, rhythmic, alert manner. (PM pg 145

2. What body condition score would a horse receive with a level back, ribs are not visually distinguished but are easily felt? (PM pg 34)

(3. Question #4, 4. General page #2, 5. Question #C)

2009 Pueblo Summer Show – Western (Level 3/4)

WESTERN LEVEL:

PLEASE FILL IN THE BLANK WITH THE BEST ANSWER (5 points for each answer)

1. List three factors that may affect the rate of passage through the gastrointestinal system in the horse.

NAME: _____

_		
	is the term used to describe an enl	
at the back of the	e front cannon.	
3. On average, he	ow many days is the estrous cycle of the mare?	
4	describes a horse that moves quie	ckly and willingly, always in control of its
movements in a	balanced, rhythmic, alert manner. (PM pg 145)	
	e inflammation of sensitive	in the hoof of the horse. Another name
6. List four of the	e steps used to balance your horse's ration. (PM	pg 32-33)
_		
7. List three com	mon poisonous plants.	
	r r	
_		
	TIE-BREAKER QUES	TIONS
1	is the measurement for ho	ow long it takes for the capillaries to refill with
blood.		
2. In the trail class	ss, the minimum distance between Lope-overs is	s (2009 rulebook pg 28)
	(3. Question #4, 4. General page #	[‡] 2, 5. Question #6)

2009 Pueblo Summer Show – English (Pre-Level, Level 1, Level 2 & level 3/4)

_____ ENGLISH LEVEL: _____

PLEASE LABEL THE FOLLOWING PARTS OF THE ENGLISH SADDLE (5 points each)

	A
	D
BCI	
	Е
	F
This R B B	F
	G
PLEASE CIRCLE THE LETTER IN FRONT	_
1. The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called	(Manual page 122)
1. The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement	(Manual page 122) C. gait
1. The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called	(Manual page 122)
1. The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement	C. gait D. dressage
 The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement B. action 	C. gait D. dressage
 The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement B. action is considered a lateral movement 	C. gait D. dressage
 The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement B. action 2	(Manual page 122) C. gait D. dressage nt. C. Turn on the hindquarters D. Two-tracking
 The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement B. action action is considered a lateral movement A. Turn on the forehand B. Counter cantering 	 (Manual page 122) C. gait D. dressage nt. C. Turn on the hindquarters D. Two-tracking EST ANSWER (5 points for each answer)
 The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement B. action action is considered a lateral moveme A. Turn on the forehand B. Counter cantering PLEASE FILL IN THE BLANK WITH THE B 	 (Manual page 122) C. gait D. dressage nt. C. Turn on the hindquarters D. Two-tracking EST ANSWER (5 points for each answer) iilar to a lope or canter but the stride is lengthened.
 The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement B. action is considered a lateral movement A. Turn on the forehand B. Counter cantering PLEASE FILL IN THE BLANK WITH THE B is a three-beat gait, sime (Project Manual pg 145) 	 (Manual page 122) C. gait D. dressage nt. C. Turn on the hindquarters D. Two-tracking EST ANSWER (5 points for each answer) iilar to a lope or canter but the stride is lengthened. iing off sharp edges of a horse's teeth.
 The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement B. action is considered a lateral movement A. Turn on the forehand B. Counter cantering PLEASE FILL IN THE BLANK WITH THE B is a three-beat gait, simt (Project Manual pg 145) is the term used for fill 	 (Manual page 122) C. gait D. dressage nt. C. Turn on the hindquarters D. Two-tracking EST ANSWER (5 points for each answer) iilar to a lope or canter but the stride is lengthened. iing off sharp edges of a horse's teeth.
 The manner in which a horse travels and moves is called A. movement B. action is considered a lateral movement A. Turn on the forehand B. Counter cantering PLEASE FILL IN THE BLANK WITH THE B Counter cantering is a three-beat gait, sime (Project Manual pg 145) is the term used for filt TIE-BREAKER Q In the class horses are judged or provide the second seco	(Manual page 122) C. gait D. dressage nt. C. Turn on the hindquarters D. Two-tracking EST ANSWER (5 points for each answer) ilar to a lope or canter but the stride is lengthened. ing off sharp edges of a horse's teeth. EUESTIONS n balance and quality, muscling, structural certificate and proof of a

2009 Pueblo Summer Show – Gymkhana (Junior & Senior)

NAME: ______ AGE GROUP: _____

PLEASE CIRCLE THE LETTER IN FRONT OF THE BEST ANSWER (3 points each)

1. Which of the following are considered prohibited equipment in the 4-H Gymkhana division?

A. Tie-downs	C. Skid boots	
B. Whips	D. Jerk lines	
2. Skin, hair, and hooves are all made from which type of nutrient?		
A. Protein	C. Minerals	
B. Cartilage	D. Collagen	
3. A hand gallop has	_ beats. (PM pg 107)	
A. 2	C. 4	
B. 5	D. 3	

FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH THE BEST ANSWER (5 points for each answer)

is an important to disease know about because it is associated with 4. laminitis or founder. Cushing's Disease and Equine Metabolic Syndrome are sometimes used to describe this problem in horses. (Project manual pg 66)

5. In Pole Bending the poles are placed ______ feet apart.

6. How do you set the course for the flag race?

7. Vital signs include which three major components?

8. List three causes of Laminitis (PM pg 65)

TIE-BREAKER QUESTIONS

are imperfections found on the horses, but usually do not affect the horse's ability 1. to serve.

2. List locations to take your horse's pulse:

(3. General page #1, 4. Question #8, 5. Question #3)